**Chapter 18 Patrice Test**

*Indicate whether the statement is true or false.*

1. The Voting Rights Act of 1965 specified ways in which the Fifteenth Amendment could be enforced.
   a. True
   b. False

2. Most voters in early America agreed with John Jay who believed only property owners should be allowed to vote.
   a. True
   b. False

3. Women campaigned on a national level to obtain the right to vote following World War II.
   a. True
   b. False

4. If people were not allowed to vote because they could not pay a poll tax, they had been disenfranchised.
   a. True
   b. False

5. An effective campaign strategy must emphasize issues that are important to voters.
   a. True
   b. False

6. While the Internet and social media are vital for spreading campaign messages, television advertisements are considered ineffective.
   a. True
   b. False

7. One difference between an issue group and a candidate’s own campaign is that issue groups are bound by the Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act of 2002.
   a. True
   b. False

8. Some people think that limiting campaign donations is a violation of the First Amendment.
   a. True
   b. False

9. In order to be considered propaganda, an advertisement must contain false or deceptive information.
   a. True
   b. False

10. The Fifteenth Amendment stopped the use of gerrymandering to reduce the power of minority voters.
    a. True
    b. False
Chapter 18 Patrice Test

Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

11. The length of a president’s term in office
   a. is longer than a senator’s.
   b. is 6 years.
   c. is twice as long as that of a member of the House of Representatives.
   d. varies depending on election results.

12. An important event in women’s suffrage was when
   a. limits were placed on campaign contributions and expenditures.
   b. literacy tests and grandfather clauses were outlawed.
   c. President Woodrow Wilson reversed his opinion on the topic.
   d. the Twenty-sixth Amendment was ratified.

13. Why was the ruling in Buckley v. Valeo significant?
   a. It cleared the way for both popular and legislative referendums.
   b. It made it easier for people to vote a straight party ticket.
   c. It said that while contributions to candidates could be limited, spending could not.
   d. It regulated the use of propaganda and false claims in political campaigns.

14. Some people are against limits on campaign contributions because they think
   a. campaign contributions are becoming more important than campaign spending.
   b. limits keep incumbents from becoming overly powerful.
   c. candidates with fewer financial resources will be penalized.
   d. limits are a violation of the right to free speech.

15. Which of these resulted in the largest increase in African Americans voting?
   a. American Revolution
   b. Buckley v. Valeo
   c. Harper v. Virginia Board of Election
   d. Voting Rights Act of 1965

16. An email to ranchers stating that a candidate supports legislation that will help them with water issues is likely to get ranchers’ votes because it
   a. encourages people to jump on the bandwagon.
   b. is a glittering generality.
   c. is based on a testimonial.
   d. uses targeted advertising.
Chapter 18 Patrice Test

17. Which of these statements concerning political candidates is true?
   a. Due to the large amount of information on the Internet, a candidate’s qualifications have become more important while the importance of image has decreased.
   b. During the past 100 years, there has been little change in the importance of either a candidate’s image or qualifications.
   c. Due to the media, the importance of a candidate’s image has increased in recent years.
   d. The importance of a candidate’s image has decreased due to greater candidate exposure in the media.

18. In order to qualify to vote, you must
   a. be at least 21 years of age.
   b. first complete a voter registration form.
   c. have a minimum of a high school education.
   d. own property in the state in which you vote.

19. The Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act banned the use of
   a. gerrymandering to reduce the power of minority votes.
   b. glittering generalities as a campaign propaganda technique.
   c. soft money donations to issue groups to support specific candidates.
   d. superPACs to campaign on specific controversial issues.

20. What key aspect of the Constitution relates to voting?
   a. It contains amendments that prohibit states from preventing certain people from voting.
   b. It prohibits the states from determining who can vote.
   c. It requires citizens to be 21 years old to vote.
   d. It specifies how long a person must be a citizen in order to vote.

21. Requiring a literacy test before allowing a person to vote was discriminatory because
   a. it meant that voters had to own property.
   b. it violated the Twenty-sixth Amendment.
   c. the requirement was not applied equally to all people.
   d. the test was given only to women.

22. Encouraging African Americans to register to vote was an important goal of
   b. campaign finance reform.
   c. the Twenty-sixth Amendment.
   d. the Civil Rights movement.

23. A farmer is most likely to be concerned with issues such as crop subsidies because
   a. crop subsidies are not controversial.
   b. farmers usually vote a straight party ticket.
   c. the issue is subject to a referendum.
   d. this issue directly affects the farmer.
Chapter 18 Patrice Test

24. How is the Voting Rights Act of 1965 related to the Fifteenth Amendment?
   a. Both established limits on campaign spending and campaign contributions.
   b. Both established term limits for the president and members of Congress.
   c. The Fifteenth Amendment increased the number of voting rights that were granted by the Voting Rights Act.
   d. The Voting Rights Act made certain that African Americans got the rights granted by the Fifteenth Amendment.

25. A president’s term in office
   a. can only be repeated a maximum of three terms.
   b. is twice as long as that of a representative.
   c. must be confirmed by either house of Congress.
   d. is twice as long as that of a senator.

26. An important goal of Freedom Summer was to
   a. aid African Americans in registering to vote.
   b. encourage the passage of the Twenty-sixth Amendment.
   c. register more young people between ages 18 and 21 to vote.
   d. work toward financial reform in candidate campaigns.

27. Requiring photo ID has been shown to most heavily reduce voting among what groups?
   a. poor and minorities
   b. Republicans
   c. the middle and working class
   d. the wealthy

28. The Twenty-sixth Amendment greatly increased the number of Americans eligible to vote by
   a. eliminating discriminatory voting laws.
   b. lowering the voting age to 18.
   c. passing grandfather clauses.
   d. requiring voters to pass a literacy test.

29. Which of the following serve the longest terms, as specified in the Constitution?
   a. senators
   b. members of the House of Representatives
   c. presidents
   d. mayors
30. If citizens collect enough signatures to place on the ballot a proposed law controlling the number of animals residents can own, they have created a(n)
   a. grandfather clause.
   b. initiative.
   c. legislative referendum.
   d. popular referendum.

31. What propaganda technique is a candidate using if she says people should support her because the vast majority of people think she is the best candidate?
   a. appeal to authority
   b. appeal to fear
   c. bandwagon
   d. glittering generality

32. In the late 1800s, discrimination against African Americans who attempted to vote was most common in
   a. big cities.
   b. the Northeast.
   c. the South.
   d. wealthier areas of the U.S.

33. After the passage of the Nineteenth Amendment,
   a. poll taxes became illegal.
   b. some states implemented grandfather clauses.
   c. women had the legal right to vote but had a difficult time exercising it.
   d. women did not face the discriminatory voting laws that African Americans did.

34. If a campaign commercial uses *ad hominem*, it
   a. attacks a candidate rather than the issues.
   b. associates a positive symbol with the candidate.
   c. cites a prominent person who agrees with a candidate’s position.
   d. makes glittering generalities.

35. Which of the following events encouraged many young Americans to work toward lowering the voting age?
   a. the election of John F. Kennedy
   b. the Great Depression
   c. the Nineteenth Amendment
   d. the Vietnam War

36. What was a major reason that President Obama broke fundraising records in 2008?
   a. He appealed to business groups.
   b. He ignored the opposition’s point of view.
   c. He played on people’s fear of the opposition.
   d. His campaign websites simplified making donations.
37. Citizens are most likely to vote for candidates who
   a. take the least amount of money from superPACs.
   b. have been recalled in a previous election.
   c. have lifestyles that are similar to their own.
   d. agree with them on major issues.

38. If people begin moving from the country to the city, they are increasingly likely to approve legislation that
   a. controls donations to candidate’s campaigns.
   b. requires legislative and popular referendums.
   c. improves and maintains public highways.
   d. funds public transportation such as subways.

39. An important goal of the federal election cycle is to
   a. make certain that the entire government does not turn over at the same time.
   b. make it easier for voters to get to the polls.
   c. prevent one party from controlling the government for an extended period of time.
   d. reduce costs by minimizing the number of elections.

40. Which of these permits citizens to place on the ballot a law containing specific penalties for the possession of
   illegal drugs?
   a. initiative
   b. legislative referendum
   c. popular referendum
   d. straight party ticket

41. A testimonial ad is likely to be persuasive because
   a. people may change their point of view due to fear.
   b. many people like to support candidates who have a high level of popularity.
   c. many people are swayed by the opinions of those whom they regard highly.
   d. people tend avoid supporting someone associated with a negative symbol.

42. Because of challenges in registering to vote, one idea to increase turnout is to
   a. allow people to register at the polls.
   b. require all citizens to have a voter ID card.
   c. require all citizens to register to vote.
   d. make voter registration a privilege rather than a requirement.

43. How is a polling place related to a precinct?
   a. A polling place is a single neighborhood within a precinct.
   b. A polling place is the location within a precinct where people vote.
   c. A precinct is a single neighborhood within a polling place.
   d. A precinct is the location within a polling place where people vote.
Chapter 18 Patrice Test

44. Supporters for congressional term limits say they
   a. decrease the level of campaign contributions.
   b. increase the advantages of an incumbent.
   c. eliminate the advantages of an incumbent.
   d. increase the number of experienced legislators.

45. What was the main reason that many people were denied suffrage in the early period of U.S. history?
   a. Each state had its own rules concerning who could vote in national elections.
   b. Few people, especially those who did not own property, had any desire to be involved in elections.
   c. Only a small group of people had access to the information needed to make informed decisions.
   d. Many of those in power thought wealthy, well educated white men could make the best choices.

46. Which of these television commercials would probably have a negative impact on voters?
   a. An ad emphasizing the issues that are most important to voters.
   b. An ad showing a candidate repeatedly changing positions on a specific issue.
   c. An ad showing workers driving voters to polling places.
   d. An ad that clearly states a candidate’s position on an issue.

47. The National Voter Registration Act was designed to
   a. do away with state residency requirements for voting.
   b. make the voter registration process more accessible for all people.
   c. make certain that voter registration procedures are identical in all states.
   d. simplify recalling an elected official at both the state and federal levels.

48. If you move to a new state, what should you check before going to vote on Election Day?
   a. how long you must be a state resident before you can vote in that state
   b. the required minimum age for voting
   c. whether the state allows absentee voting
   d. the requirements to become a member of the canvassing board

49. Registering to vote was an important part of the civil rights movement because it
   a. allowed for the formation of superPacs.
   b. encouraged both legislative and popular referendums.
   c. gave power to African Americans.
   d. protected citizens from propaganda.

50. People who support regulation to limit campaign spending believe that this will
   a. encourage legislative referendums.
   b. reduce corruption.
   c. reduce the number of candidates.
   d. support free speech.
**Chapter 18 Patrice Test**

a. grandfather clause  
   b. soft money  
   c. cross-pressured voter  
   d. precinct  
   e. corruption  
   f. legislative referendum  
   g. superPAC  
   h. election  
   i. polling place  
   j. suffrage  

51. special election in which the legislature refers a measure to the voters  
52. political action committee that does not coordinate with election campaigns  
53. voting district  
54. location in a precinct where people go to vote  
55. systematic method of making a group decision  
56. money raised by a political party that is not designated for a specific candidate  
57. the right to vote  
58. voter caught between conflicting elements  
59. a legal exemption in the law for a specific group based on past conditions  
60. any impairment of integrity or moral principle

a. recall  
   b. compulsory voting  
   c. precinct  
   d. absentee ballot  
   e. canvassing board  

61. a voting district  
62. a popular vote to attempt to remove an official from office  
63. the official body that tabulates votes and certifies winners  
64. people are required to vote  
65. allows voting without going to a polling place on Election Day
Chapter 18 Patrice Test

a. midterm election    b. propaganda
c. poll tax     d. early voting
e. disenfranchise    f. hard money
g. straight party ticket    h. voting
i. canvassing board     j. initiative

66. direct contributions to a candidate’s political campaign
67. voting only for candidates from your own party
68. method by which citizens propose a constitutional law or amendment
69. choosing among alternatives in an election
70. counts votes and certifies winners
71. allows a person to vote prior to Election Day
72. Congressional election that occurs halfway through a presidential term
73. use of ideas, information, or rumors to influence opinion
74. fee paid in order to vote
75. to not allow to vote