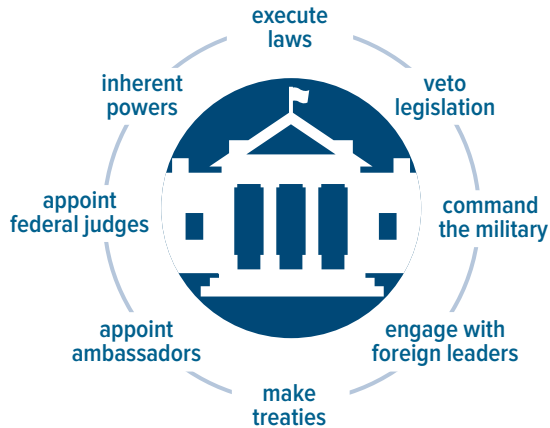


STUDY GUIDE

POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT

LESSON 1



ROLES OF THE PRESIDENT

LESSON 1



HEAD OF STATE AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

LESSON 2

| HEAD OF STATE | CHIEF EXECUTIVE |
|--|--|
| performs ceremonial functions | carries out the laws |
| comforts citizens in times of crisis | appoints cabinet and other agency heads |
| hosts dignitaries | appoints federal judges and Supreme Court justices |
| gives awards to distinguished citizens | issues executive orders |
| | grants reprieves, pardons, and amnesty |

LEGISLATIVE LEADER, ECONOMIC PLANNER, AND PARTY LEADER

LESSON 4

| LEGISLATIVE LEADER |
|--|
| gives annual State of the Union address |
| drafts and negotiates bills |
| signs or vetoes laws passed by Congress |
| can call a congressional special session |

| ECONOMIC PLANNER |
|--|
| submits annual budget to Congress |
| submits economic reports to Congress |
| appoints heads of Federal Reserve System |

| PARTY LEADER |
|---|
| gives speeches and attends fund-raisers to support party candidates |
| selects party's national chair |
| helps plan election strategies |
| appoints party members to political office |



COMMANDER IN CHIEF AND CHIEF DIPLOMAT

LESSON 3

| COMMANDER IN CHIEF As civilian commander of the armed forces, can use the military to | CHIEF DIPLOMAT |
|--|---|
| defend the nation | directs U.S. foreign policy |
| engage in overseas operations | makes decisions about U.S. relations with other countries |
| control serious turmoil in the United States | negotiates and signs treaties |
| aid in natural disasters in the United States | signs executive agreements with other countries |
| | recognizes foreign governments |